







## 2011 EC Action Plan: 7 key areas

- 1. Ensuring appropriate use of antimicrobials in humans and animals
- 2. Developing new effective antimicrobials or alternative treatments
- 3. Preventing microbial infections and their spread
- 4. Cooperating with international partners to contain the risk of AMR
- 5. Improving monitoring and surveillance in humans and animals
- 6. Reinforcing research and innovation
- 7. Improving communication, education and training





## 2011 EC AMR Action Plan evaluation

#### MAIN FINDINGS

The 2011 Action Plan:

- Acted as a symbol of political commitment and stimulated actions within EU Member States
- · Strengthened international cooperation
- Provided a framework to guide and coordinate activities at international level, including monitoring/surveillance and R&D

The actions were relevant to address the problems identified in 2011 and are still relevant today.





## 2011 EC AMR Action Plan evaluation

## RECOMMENDATIONS

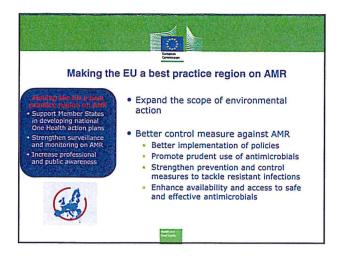
- AMR problem persists and continued action is needed
- Support and assist EU Member States as big differences still exist between them
- Reinforce the **One-Health approach** (incl. environment)
- Pursue coordination and collaboration on research and innovation and boost the development of new antimicrobials, alternatives, vaccines and rapid diagnostic tests.
- Enhance EU international cooperation

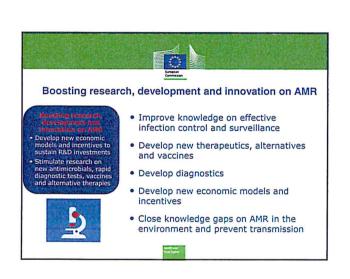




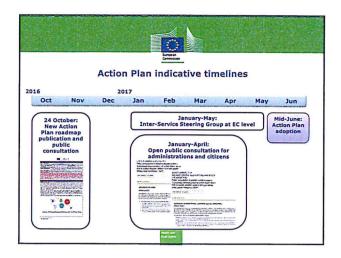
















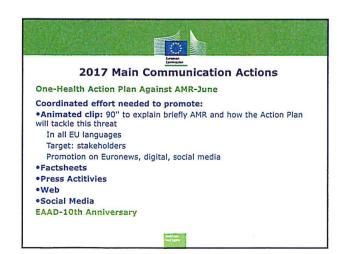


# Target audiences

Policy makers, other int. organisations (WHO, OIE, FAO, OECD, UN), Healthcare providers and professionals, veterinarians and farmers, pharmacists, the research community & journalists







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